

A for our lordes loue, that ye be not so we-
ry of my nouell comberoule lute, but that
it may like you at such oppoztune tyme
or tyme as your wisedome may finde,
to help þ his highnes may by your good-
nes, be fully enformed of my true faith-
ful minde, that he may the rather by the
meaneys of your wisdome, and dexterite
consider that in the mater of the nonne,
there was never on my parte any other
minde than good: noz yet in any other
thing elles, never was there nor never
shall there be, any further faute founde
in me, than that I cannot in every thiȝ
thinke the same way that some other me
of moze wisedome and deper learning
B do: nor ca finde in mine hart other wise
to say, than as mine owne cōscience gy-
ueþ me. Which condicion hath never

growne in any thiȝe that euer might C
touch his gracious pleasure, of any ob-
stinate minde or misse affectionate ap-
petite, but of a timerouse conscience, ri-
sing happily for lakke of better parcy-
ing, & yet not without tender respecte
vnto my most bounden duty towardes
his noble grace. Whose only fauour I
so much esteeme, that I nothing haue of
mine own in al this woþde except onyl
my soule, but þ I will with better wyll
forgo it, than abyde of hys highnes
one heauye displeasant loke. And thus F
I make an ende of my long troubelous
proces, beseeching the blessed trinite for þ
great goodnes ye shew me, and the gret
comfoorte ye doe me, bothe bodely and
ghostely, to prosper you and in heaven
rewarde you.

Here folow certeyn letters and other thynges, which syr Thomas More wrote while he was prisoner in the towre of London.

C Sir Thomas More, vpon warning
givuen him, came before þ kinges com-
missioners at þ Archebisshop of Can-
terburies place at Lambeth (þ monday
the xxxiiij day of Appill in þ yere of our
lord god. 1534. and in the latter ende
of the xxv yere of the raigne of king
Henry the viii.) where he refusid the
oþer than offred vnto him. And ther-
upon was he deliuereþ to the abbot of
Westminster to be kept as a prisoneþ:
with whom he remained till fridaþ
folowing, & thā was sent prisoneþ to
the towre of London. And shortly af-
ter his commynge thither he wrote a
letter and set it to his eldest daughter
maistres Margaret Roper: the copye
wherof here foloweth.

reddē secretly by my self, and she eshe cō-
sidered with the acte, I shewed vnto the,
þ my purpose was not to put any faute,
either in the act or any ma that made it, G
or in þ oþer or any ma that swere it, nor
to cōdemne the concieþe of any other
man. But as for my selfe in good fayþ
my concieþe so moued me in the mater,
that though I would not deny to swere
to the succession, yet vnto that oþer that
there was offred me, I could not swere,
wout the iubarding of my soule to per-
petual dampnaciō. And that if they doun-
ted whither I did refuse the oþer onyl
for the grudge of my concience, or for a
ny other fantasie, I was redy therein to
satisfy them be mine oþ. Which if they
trustred not, what should they be þ bet- P

D ter to give me any oþer? And if thei trus-
ted that I would therin swere true, thā
trusted I þ of their goodnes they would
not moue me to swere the oþer that they
offred me, perciuing þ for to swere it,
was against my concience. Unto this Sir Thomas
my lord chaunceller saide, that they all had
were verye soþe to here me saye thus, lord chaceeler
and se me thus refuse the oþer. And they
sayde all, that on theyze sayþe I
was the very fyȝt that euer refusid it:
which would cause the kinges highnes
to conceue great supcion of me & great
indignacion toward me. And therwith
they

When I was before þ lordes at Lam-
beth, I was the first þ was called
in, albeit that maister doctour the
vicar of Crodon was cōe before
me, & diuers oþer. After the cause of my
sendynge for, declared vnto me (wherEOF
I somewhat meruailed in my mind, cō-
sidering that they sent for no mo tempo-
rall men but me) I desired the sight of þ
oþer, which they shewed me vnder the
great seale. Than desired I the sight of
the act of the succession, which was de-
livered me in a þinted rol. After which

A These were the names of þ lordes & the comas which
they had sworne, & subscribed their names al-
redy. Which notwithstanding whē they
saw þ I refused to swere þ same my self,
not blaming any other man that had
sworne. I was in conclusion comman-
ded to gye downe into the gardein. And
therupon I taried in the olde burned
chambere that looketh into the gardein,
and would not gye downe because of þ
heatre. In þ time law I mayster doctour

B Larentier come into þ gardein, & there
walked he with dñers other doctours &
the pliens of my lord of Canterbury. And very merci I saw him: for he laugh-
ed, and toke one or twaine about the
necke so handsonely, that if they had bē
wōmen, I wold haue went he had bē
wōmen wāton. After that came maister
doctour Willon sooth from the lordes,
and was with twoo gentilmen brought
by me, and gentilmāly sent streight unto
the towre. What tyme my lord of Ro-
cheket was called in before them, that
can I not tell. But at night I hard that
he had ben before them, but where he re-
mained that night, and so for the till he

C was sent hither, I never hard. I hard also
that maister vicar of Croidon, and
all the remenant of the priestes of Lon-
don that were sent for, were sworne: and
that they had such fauour at the coulēs
hande, that they were not lingered nor
inde so daunced any long attēndance to
their traualle and cost, as sutors were
sometyme wont to be, but were spedde a
pace to their gret comfort: so farre forth
that maister vicar of Croidon, either for
gladnes or for drines, or els þ it might
be sene, Quod ille notus erat pontifici, went to
my lordes buttry varre, and called for
drinke, and dranke vnde familiariter. Than
they had plaide their pageant and were
gone out of the place, than was I called

D in againe. And thā was it declared unto
me, what a nomber had sworne enē sins
I wet aside gladly without any sticke. Wherein I laid no blame in no man, but
for mine own self aunswere as before.
Now as well before as than, they some-
what laide unto me for obſtinacye, that
whereas before, sith I refused to swere,
I woulde not declare any ſpeciall pate
of that othe that grudged my conſci-
ence, and open the caufe wherfore.
For thereunto I had ſaid unto them, that
I feard leaſt the kinges highnes woule
as they ſayde, take diſpleaſure enough
toward me for þ only refuſel of the othe.

E And that if I shoulde open and diſclose þ
cauſes why, I shoulde therwith but fur-
ther exasperate hys highnes, which I
woulde in no while do, but rather wold
I abyde all the daunger and hatme that
migh̄ come toward me, than gyue hys
highnes any occaſion of further diſplea-
ſure, than þ offering of þ othe unto me of
pure neceſſire: constrained me. Howbe-
it when they diuers times impured this
to me for ſhubbernes and obſtinacye, that
I woulde neither swere the othe, nor yet
declare the cauſes why, I declined thus
farre toward them, that rather than I
would be accōpted for obſtinacye, I wold
vpon the kinges gracious licenc, or ra-
ther his ſuch commaundement had, as
migh̄ be my ſufficient warrant, that my
declaracion ſhould not offend his high-
nes, nor put me in the daunger of anye
of hys ſtatutes, I woulde be contente
to declare the cauſes in writing, & ouer
that to give an othe in the beginning,
that if I migh̄ ſind thole cauſes by any
man in ſuch wiſe auſwered, as I migh̄
thynke mine own conſcience laſtiffid, I
would after þ with all mine hart ſwre
the p̄ncipal othe to. To this I was au-
ſwered, that thonghe the kinge woulde
giue me licens vnder his letters patent,
yet wold it not ſerue againſt the ſtatute
Wherto I ſaid, that yet if I had them, I
wold ſtand unto the truſt of his honour
at my parel for the remenant. But yet
thynketh me loe, that if I maye not de-
clare the cauſes without perill, than to
leane the undeclared is no obſtinacye.
My lord of Canterbury taking hold vpon
that that I ſaide, that I condempned
not the conſciences of them that ſware,
ſaid unto me that it apered well, that I
did not take it for a very ſure thing and
a certaine, that I migh̄ not lawfullye
ſwer it, but rather as a thing vncertaine
and doubtfull. But than ſaid my lordes
you knowe for a certenty and a thynge
without dout, that you be bounden to ob-
ey your ſouerain lordes your kiug. And
therefore are ye bounden to leaue of the
dout of your vnsure conſciens in reſu-
ing the othe, and take the ſure waye in
obeiyng of your p̄nclce, & ſwre it. Now
al was it ſo, that in mine own mind me
thought my ſelf not concluded, yet this
argumēt ſemed me ſodenly ſo ſuttle, and
namely to ſuch authozite coming out of
ſo noble a prelates mouth, that I could
againe aunſwere nothing thereto but
only that I thought my ſelf I migh̄ not
well do ſo, because that in my conſciens
this

A thys was one of the cases, in which I was bounden that I shoulde not obey my prince, beth that whatsoeuer other folke thought in the matter (whose consciens or learning I wold not condēne neʒ take appon me to iudge.) Yet in my consciens þ trouth seemed on þ other side. Wherin I had not informed my cōsciens neither soeleny nor sleightly, but by long telsour and diligent seache for the matter. And of trouth if that reason may conclude, than haue we a readye way to auoide al parplexities. For in whatsoeuer matter the doctours stād in gret dout, the kinges comandement giuen vpon whither side he list, soyleth

W all the doutes. Than satde my Lozde of Westmister to me, þ how soever þ master seemed vnto mine owne minde, I had cause to fere that rafne owne mind was errounouse, when I se the gret counsal of the realme determine of my mind the contrary, and that therfore I ought to change my consciens. So that I aunswred, that if there were no mo but my selfe vpon my side, and the whole parlement vpon the other, I woulde besore afraide to leane to mine own minde only agaist so many. But on the other side, if it so be, that in some thinges for

C which I refuse þ oþre, I haue as I think I haue vpon my part as great a coußal and a greater to, I am not than bounde to change my consciens, and conforme it to the counsal of one realme, against the general counsalle of Chisenbome. Upon this maister Secretary as he that tenderly fauoyeth me, saide and sware a gret oþre, that he had never that his own onely sone, (which is of trouth a goodly yong gentilman, and shall I trust come to much worshyp) had lost his hedde, tha that I shoulde thus haue refusid the oþr. For surely the kinges hyghnes woulde now conceine a great suspiccion against me, and think that þ matter of the nōne of Canterbury, was all contriued by my dȝst. To which I saide that the con-

D trary was true and well knownen. And whatsoeuer shoulde mishappe me, it laye not in my power to helpe it without the perill of my soule. Than did my Lozde chauncellour repeate before me my refusall vnto maister Secretarye, as to hym that was going vnto the kinges grace. And in the rehersing, his lordship repeated again, that I denied not but was cōtent to swere vnto the successiō. Therunto I sayde, that as for that pointe I

woulde be contet, so that I might se my C oþre in that pointe so framyd in suche a maner as might stand with my conscience. Than said my lord: Mary maister Secretary marke that to, that he will not swere that neyther, but vnder some certaine maner. Verely no my Lozde quoth I, but that I wyll see it mads in suche wyse fyſt, as I shal my selfe se, that I shal neyther be forsworne, neʒ swere agaynste my conscience. Verely as to swere to the succelion, I see no perill. But I thought and F thinke it reason, that to mine owne oþre I looke well my selfe, and be of counſable also in the fasshion, and neuer entēded to swere for a pece, and set my hand to the whole oþre. Holbeit as helpe me God, as towching the whole oþre I neuer withdrew any man from it, neʒ neuer advised any to refuse it, neʒ neuer put noȝ wil put any scruple in anye mannes hedde, but leue euery man to hys owne conscience. And me chynketh in good faith that so were it good reaſon that eucry man shoulde leau me to myne.

A letter written with a cole by sir Thomas More to hys daughter maistres Margaret Roper, with in a whylc after he was pſloner in the towre.

G

Myne own good daughter, our lozde be thanked I am in god helthe of bodye, and in good quiet of minde; and of worldly thynges I no moze desper then I haue. I beseche hym make you all mery in the hope of heauen. And such thynges as I somewhat longed to talke with you all, concerning the wozlde to come, our Lozde put them into your myndes, as I trustee he doþe and better to by hys holy spirite: who blesse you and preserue you all. Written wþch a **H** cole by your tender louing father, who in hys pore prayers forgetteh none of you all, neʒ your babes, neʒ your nurſes, neʒ your good husbandes neʒ your good husbandes shrewde wyues, neʒ your fathers shrewde wyfe neither, neʒ our other frendes. And thus fare ye hartely well for lacke of paper.

Thomas More
knight.

Eur

A Our Lorde kepe me continuallye
true faithfull and playne, to the con-
trarye whereof I beseeche hym herteiy
neuer to suffer me true. For as to
longe life (as I haue often tolde the
Meggge) I nevyr looke for, nor long
for, but am well content to goe, ys
God call me hence to morowe. And I
thank our lorde, I knowe no person li-
ving, that I woulde had one philippe
for my sake: of whiche minde I am
more gladde then of all the woldc be-
syde.

B Recommend me to your shewde wil,
and mine other sonnes, and to John
Harris my frenke, and your selfe know-
leth to whome els, and to my shewde
wife aboue all, and God pzzserue you
all and make and kepe you his seruan-
tes all.

C Within a while after sir Tho-
mas More was in prisō in hys towre
his daughter maistres Margaret
Cop wrote & set vnto him a letter,
wherein she semed somwhat to la-
bour to peclwade hym to take the
othe (thoughe she nothing so thoun-
ght) to wiane herby credence with
master Thomas Cromwell, that
she myght the rather gette libertye
to haue free resot vnto her father
(whch she onely had for the moxt
tyme of hys impriment). vnto
whch letter her father wrote an aū-
swere. The copy whereof here fol-
weth.

Our lord blisse you,

D If I had not ben my derey belo-
ved daughter at a firme and fast
point, I truste in goddes greate
mercy this good great whiche be-
fore your lamentable letter had not a li-
tle abashed me, surely farre aboue al-
other thynges, of which I haue diuers
times set a fewe terrible toward me.
But surely they all touched me never so
nere, nor were so grevous vnto me, as
to se you my welbeloued childe, in such
vehement piteous maner, labour to par-
swade vnto me, thing wherin I haue
of pure necessarie for respect vnto myns
owne soule, so ofteyn givyn you so prectle
answere before. Wherelin as touching
the pointes of your letter, I can make
none aunswere. For I dout not but you
well rememb're, that the matters whch
haue my conscience, (without declara-

cion whereof I can nothing touche the C
pointes) I haue sondry times helped you
that I will disclose them to no man.
And therfore doughter Margaret, I ca
in this thing no further, but like as you
labour me againe to folow your minde,
to desire and praye you both againe, to
leave of such labour, & with my former
aunsweres to holde your selfe content.
A deadly gret vnto me, and much moze
deadly than to here of myn own death.
(For the fere therof, I thank our lorde
the fere of hell, the hope of heauen, & the
passion of Christ dallye more and more F
alswage) is, that I perceue my god sonne
your husband, & you my god daughter,
& my god wife, & mine other god chil-
dren and innocent frenkes, in gret dys-
pleasure and daunger of great harme
thereby. The let whereof while it lyeth
not in my hand, I can no further but ca
mit all to god. Nam in manu dei (sacred the
scripture) cor regis est, & sicut divisiones aquarum
quocunque voluerit implicant illud. Whose hyghe
goodnes I most hably beseech to enclyne
the noble hart of the kinges highnes to
to the tender fancur of you al, and to fa-
vour me no better than god and my self
know y my faithfull hart toward hym
& my daily prayour for him, do deserue.
For surely if his highnes might inward
lyse my true minde suche as god kno-
weth it is, it wold (I trust) sone alswage
his high displeasure. Which while I ca in
this world never in such wise shew, but
that his grace may be parswaded to be-
leue the contrarie of me, I can no fur-
ther go, but put all in the handes of him
for fere of whose displeasure for the sans
gard of my soule stirred by mine owne
conscience, (without insectacion, or re-
proche laiting to any other mans) I suf-
fer & endure thys trouble. Out of which P
I beseeche him to bring me, when his wil
shalbe, into his endles blisse of heauen, &
in hys meane while, giue me grace & you
both i al our agonies & troubles, devout-
ly to resorte prostrate vnto the remem-
brance of that bitter agonye, whch our
saviour suffred before his passion at the
mount. And if we diligently so do, I be-
rely trust we shal find therin gret com-
fort and consolacion. And thus my dere
daughter the blessed spide of Christe
for his tender mercy governe and guide
you all, to his pleasure and your weale
and comfoetes both body and soule.

Your tender louing fathur
Thomas More knyght.

To this last letter maistres Margarete Roper wrote an answere and sent it to sir Thomas More her father the coppe whereof here followeth.

Pone owne good father, it is to me no little comforst, sith I cannot talk with you by such meanes as I wold, at the least way to delight my selfe among in this bytter time of your absens, by such meanes as I maye, by as often writing to you, as halbe expedient, and by reading againe your most fruitfull and delectable letter, the faithfull messenger of your very vertuous & ghostly minde, rid from all corrupt loue of worldely thinges, and fast knitte onely in the loue of god, and desire of heauen, as becommeth a very true worshipper and a faithfull servant of god, which I doute not good father holdeth his holy hand ouer you, & shall (as he hath) preserue you both body and soule (*ut sit meus sans in corpore, non*) and namely, nowe when you haue abstered all earthly consolacions, & reslived your selfe willingly gladly and fully for hys loue to his holy proteccio. Father what thinke you hath bene our comfort syngs your departing from vs? Surely the experiens we haue had of your life past, & godly conuerfacion, & wholesome counsail, and vertuous erample, and a surety not onely of the continuance of that same, but also a grete encrese by hys goodness of our lord to the great teste and gladnes of your hart deuoide of alerthy d:egges, and garnished wþth the noble vesture of heauenly vertues, a pleasant palles for the holy spirite of God to rest in, who defende you (as I doute not good father but of his goodnes he wyl) from all trouble of minde and of body, & gyue me your moſte louing obedient daughter and handmathe, & alvs your chiloren and frendes, to folow that that we praise in you, and to our onely com-

Lewys the lost louer.

Cyflatering fortune, loke thou never so fayre,
Or never so pleasantly begin to smile,
As though thou wouldest my ruine all repayre,
During my life thou shalt me not begyle.
Trust shall I god, to ente in a while.
Hys hauen or heauen sure and vñtoz ne.
Euer after thy calme, loke I for a storme.

forremēbz & comin together of you, ¶
we may in conclusion mete wþ you mine
owne dere father in the blyffe of heauē
to which our moſt mercifull lord hath
bought vs wþth his precious blod.

Your owne moſt louing obedient
doughter & bedeswoman Margaret
Roper, which desirch aboue al wþ
holē thinges to be in Johna Wodes
steoe, to do you ſome ſervicc. But
we live in hope that we ſhal horſe-
ly receue you againe, I pray god
hartely we may, if it be his holy will.

Thys John
a wood was
his owner:
uā: i hit was
ſuſſed to be
wuh him in
fron to be
his feruante
there.

TWixh in a whtie after ſir Thomas More had ben in prisō in the towre, his daughter maistres Margaret Roper obtained licens of the kinge, þ he might reſort onto her father in the towre, which ſhe did. And thereupon he wrote with a cole a letter to all his frendes, wherof the copy followeth.

To all my louing frendes.
Rþ alſmuch as being in prisō, I
canot tel what neve I may haue,
or what neccſſitie I maye haþe
to ſand in, I hartely bſelech you
all, þ if my welbeloued doughter Margaret Roper (which onely of al my frendes hath by the kinges gracious fauour licens to reſort vnto me) doe any thinge
desire of any of you, of ſuch thinge as I
ſhall haþ to neede, þ it may like you no
leſſe to regard & tender it, then if I mo-
ued it vnto you and required it of you
parſonally preſent my ſelf. And I bſelech
you all to pray for me, and I ſhall pray
for you.

Your faſhful louer & poze bedew
mā Tho. More knight priſoner.

Here folow two horſe ballentes whiche
ſir Thomas More made for hys paſſ
time while he was priſoner in the tow-
re of London.