THE XXI. YERE [1529-30] sley, then Ambassador to the Universities, for the kinges mariage, as you have heard before. For all these kyndnes shewed to the Cardinall, yet stil he maligned against the kynge, as you shall perceyve hereafter, by his untrue

doynges, which brought him to confusyon.

The twenty and thre day of October, the kyng came to his Manor of Grenewich, and there much consulted wyth his counsayl, for a mete manne to bee his Chauncellour, so that in no wise he were no manne of the Spiritualtie, and so after long debate the kyng resoluted him selfe upon sir Thomas More knyght, Chauncellour of the Duchie of Lancastre, a manne well learned in the toungues, and also in the Common Lawe, whose wytte was fine, and full of imaginacions, by reason wherof, he was to muche geven to mockinge, whyche was to his gravitie a great blemishe. And then on the Sonday, the twentie and foure daye of the same moneth, the kynge made hym hys Chauncellour, and delyvered him the great Seale, which Lord Chauncellour, the next morow after, was ledde into the Chauncery, by the two dukes of Norffolk and Suffolk, and there sworne, and then the Mace was borne before him.

Sir Thomas More made Chauncellor.

> Now let us returne to the treatie of Cambray, which was appointed to be kept the last sommer, for the conclusion of a peace, betwene the Emperour on the one part, and the kyng of England, and the French kyng on the other part, for whiche conclusion there came to Cambrey, the Lady Margaret Duches of Savoy, Aunt to the Emperour, and the Ladye Loyse Duches of Angulesme, and mother to the Frenche kyng, and Docter Tunstall Byshop of London, and after Byshoppe of Duresme, and sir Thomas More knight, after made Chauncellour of Englande, and diverse other for the kinge of Englande, all these mette there in the beginning of July, accompanied with diverse great Princes and Counsailers, on every parte, and after long debating on bothe sides, there was a good conclusion taken, the fyfth day of August, in the which was concluded, that the treatie of Madrill, should stande in hys ful strength and vertue, savyng the thirde and fourth, and the leventh and fourtenth articles, which touch the Duchie of Burgoin, and other lordeshippes.

Item, it was agreed that the French kyng should have

THE LIVES OF THE KINGS

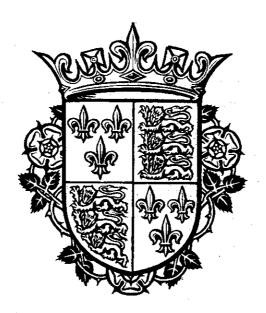
HENRY VIII

BY EDWARD HALL

WITH AN INTRODUCTION BY

CHARLES WHIBLEY

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